

WP7

Diabetes: a case study on strengthening health care for people with chronic diseases Lessons learnt from National Diabetes Plans



Leader Marina Maggini
National Institute of Health, Italy

Co-leader Jelka Zaletel
National Institute of Public Health, Slovenia

Thanks to all the WP7 partners

ASSOCIATED PARTNERS

- Directorate-General of Health, Portugal
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COLLABORATING PARTNERS

- Canarian Government, Spain
- Diabetes Association (APDP-ERC), Portugal
- European Coalition for Diabets (ECD), Belgium
- European Federation of Periodontology (EFP), Spain
- European Health Futures Forum (EHFF), United Kingdom
- European Wound Management Association (EWMA), Denmark
- Gesundheit Österreich (GmbH), Austria
- Ministry for Health, Belgium
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- Organization Hub for International Health Research (HIRS), Italy
- Universidade de Coimbra, Portugal
- World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (WHO EURO), Denmark

... and to all CHRODIS partners

HOW?

Diabetes: a case study on strengthening health care for people with chronic diseases

Guide for National Diabetes Plans

Lessons learnt from National Diabetes Plans to support development and implementation of national plans for chronic diseases

Final version
September 15th 2016

To whom

...aims to inspire those readers, who see that the situation in healthcare could be improved and who are willing to take a part in the change...It could also be used for example as a background material for leading workshops at critical moments when strengthening of the implementation or the sustainability of existing plans is needed, or when new plans are under development and the major challenge is seen in how a written plan should result in actual implementation.

Topics and processes that should be addressed

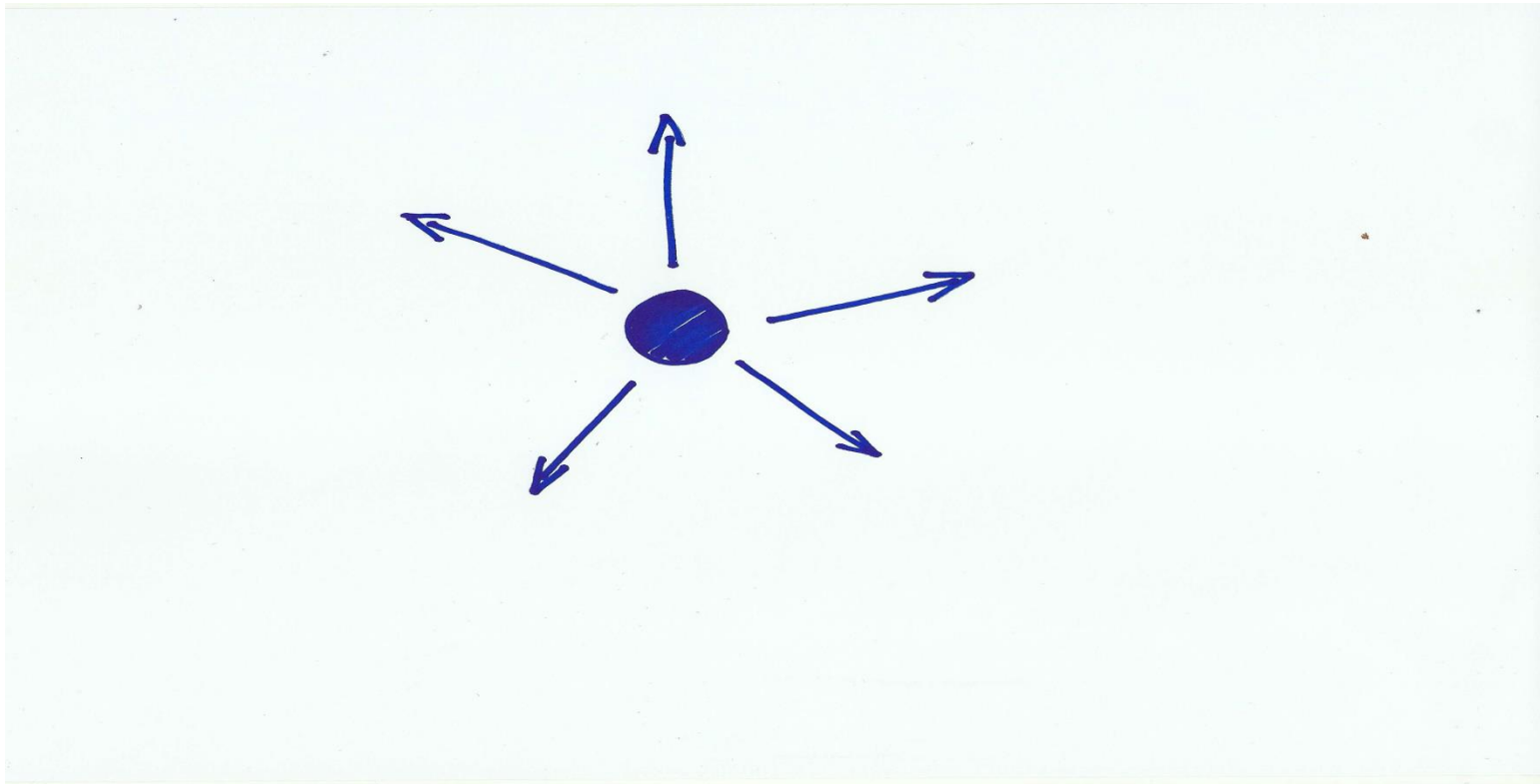
Examples:

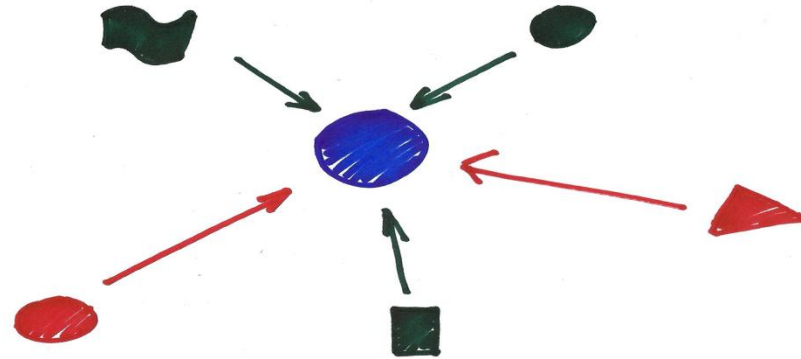
The NDP includes approaches to identify high-risk individuals/groups and interventions aimed at reducing and minimising risk among these. There are strategies to identify high-risk individuals, to prevent/delay diabetes among high-risk individuals, to identify high-risk community groups, to prevent/delay diabetes in high-risk community groups, to identify high-risk individuals/groups at workplaces and to prevent/delay diabetes at workplaces.

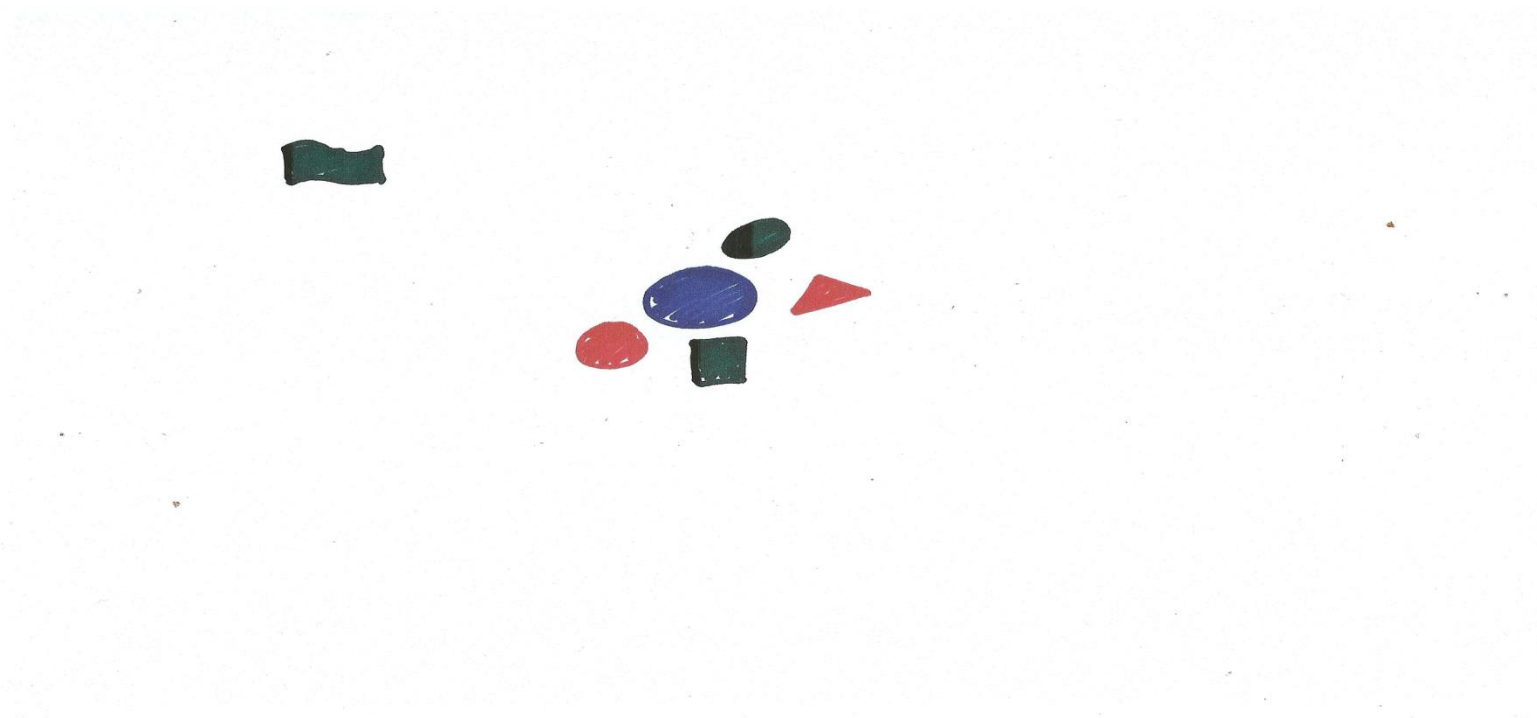
The NDP has a strategy for early diagnosis of type 2 diabetes.

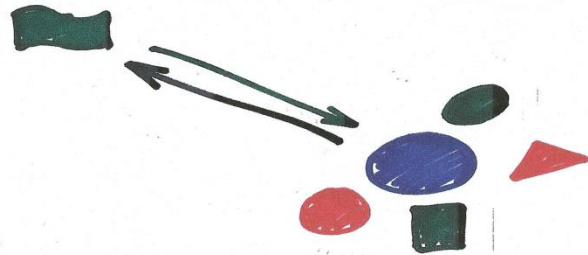
Leadership is...

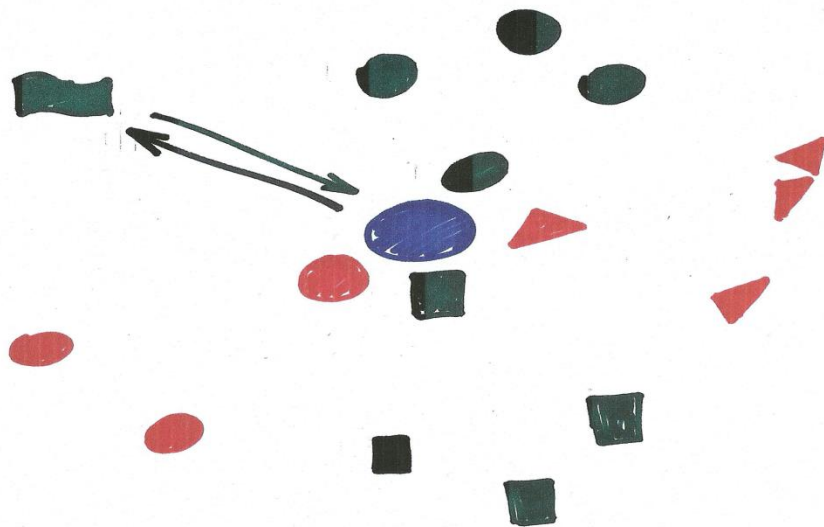
accepting the responsibility
to create conditions
that enable others
to achieve shared purpose
in the face of uncertainty. (Ganz, 2008)

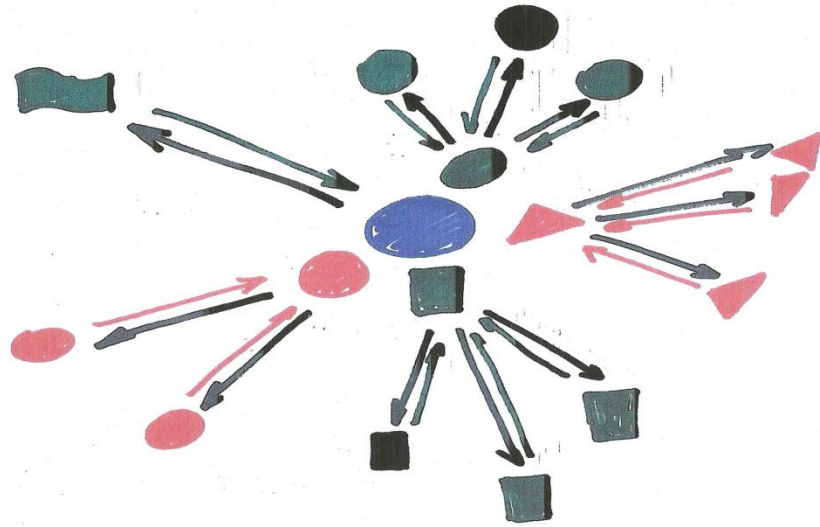


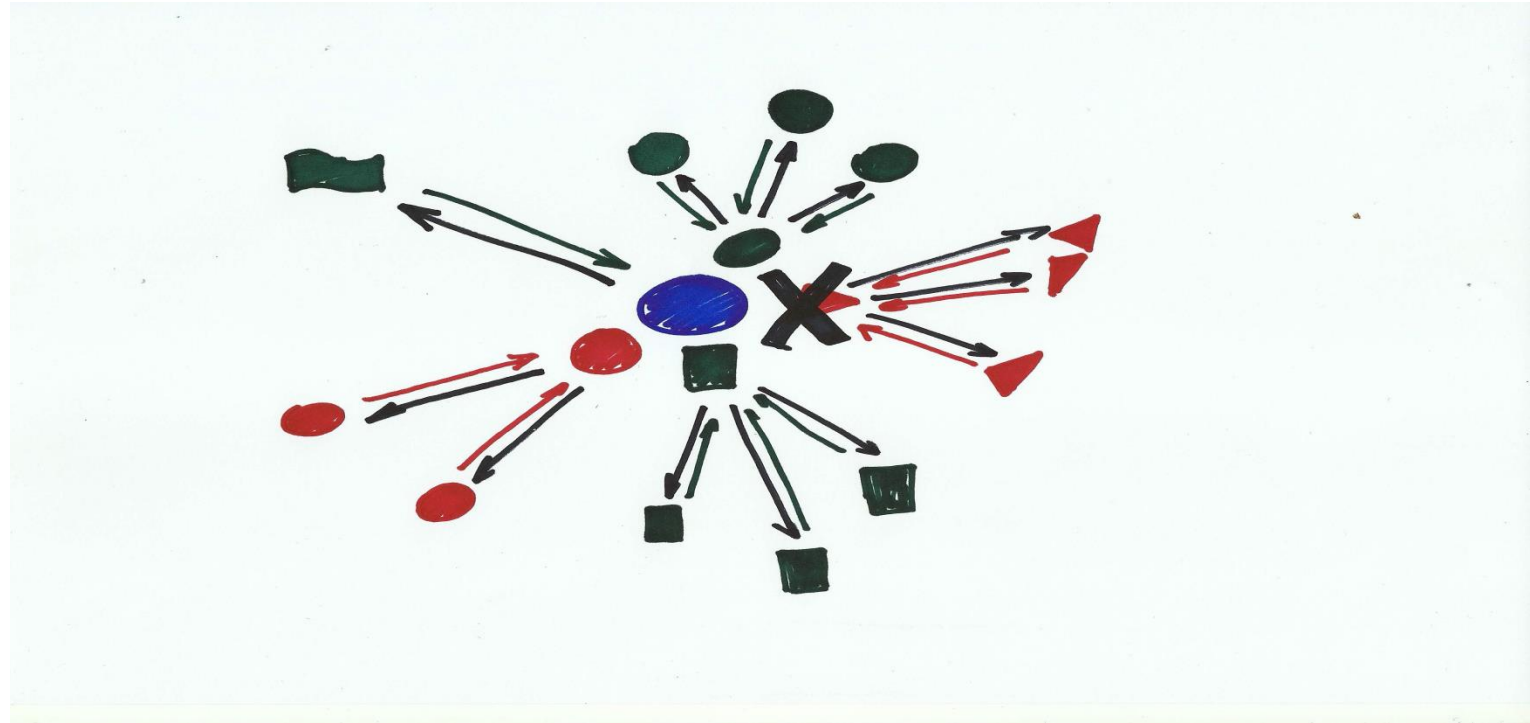


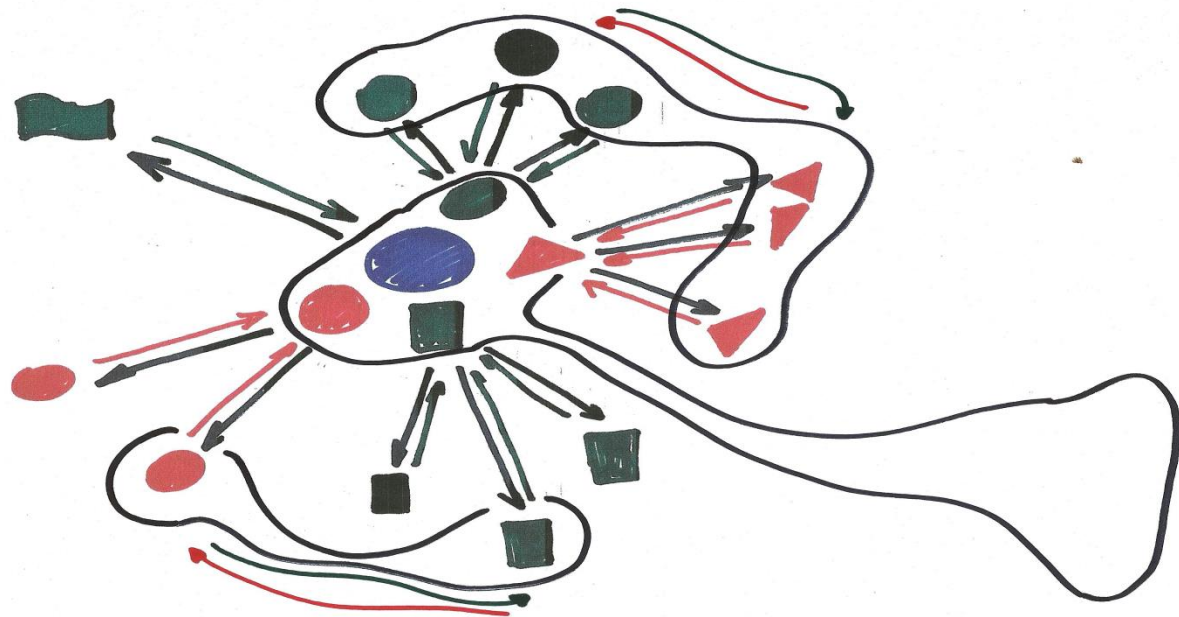


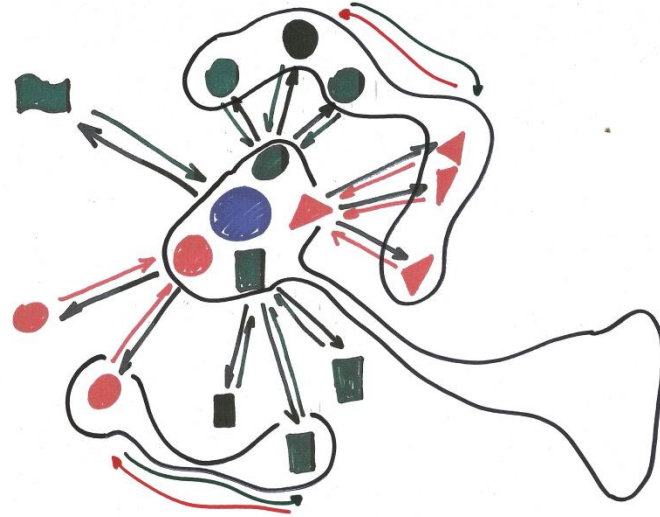
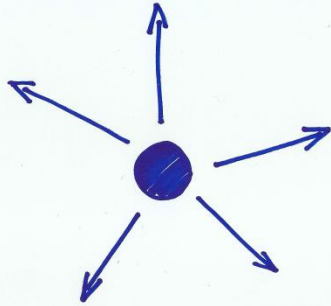




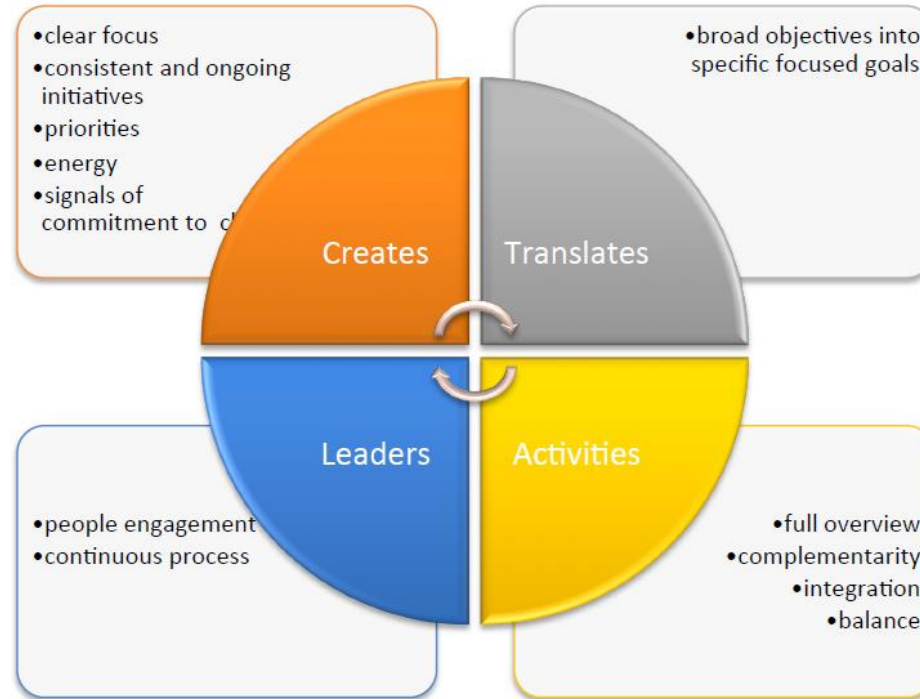




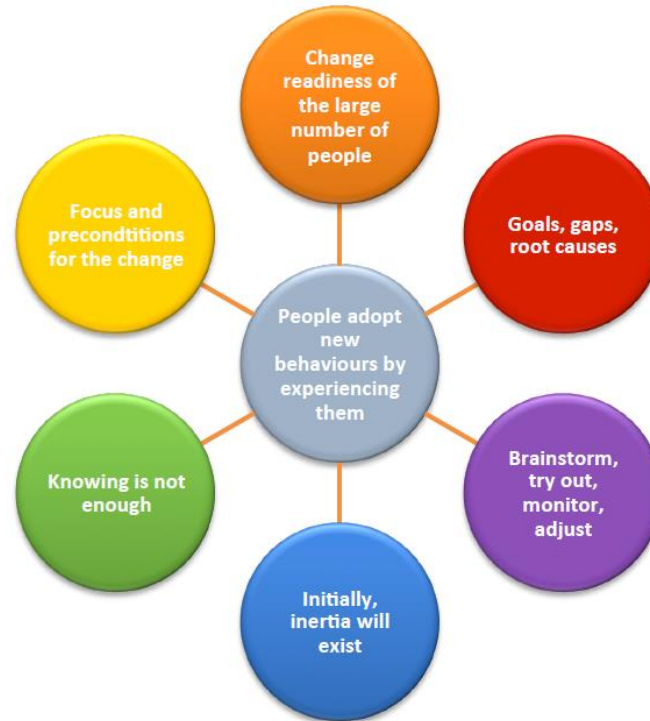




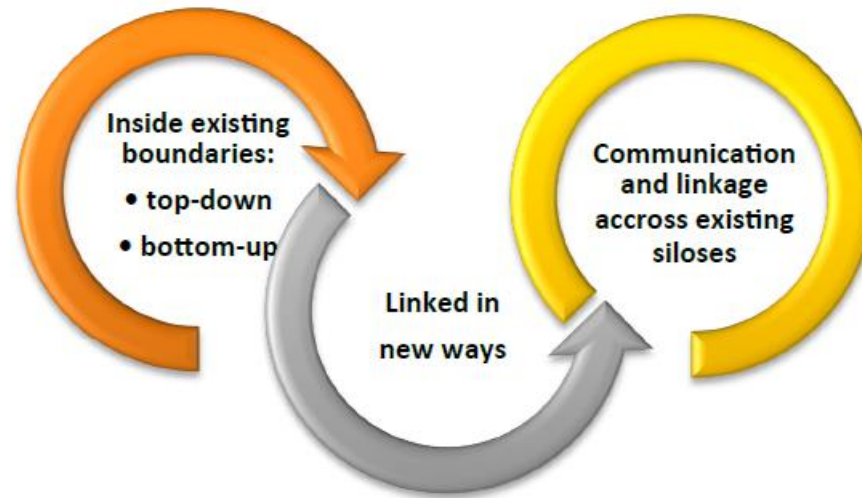
Top-down



Bottom-up



Leadership for linkage



Plan organisational design and structure

Examples:

An appropriately constituted steering committee or task group (i.e. involving partners like government authorities, patients' representatives, specialists and primary care healthcare professionals and other relevant national health organisations) prepares and oversees the implementation of the Plan. Voices of vulnerable groups are represented. The responsibilities of the partners are defined.

There is an evaluation strategy of the Plan, with processes for continuous improvement in place. Successes are defined and celebrated; failures are taken as signs to learn to find another way. Failures are not punished. If gaps are identified in the process, the plan is adapted accordingly.



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